

Version 1.12 (2021.08.17) Original instructions

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL SS type HIGH SPEED ROTARY HYDRAULIC CYLINDER OPEN CENTER



- This instruction manual is for production engineers and maintenance personnel in charge of operation of this product. When a beginner uses this product, receive instructions from experienced personnel, the distributor or our company.
- Before installing, operating or maintaining this equipment, carefully read this manual and the safety labels attached to the equipment. Failure to follow these instructions and safety precautions could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.
- Store this manual near equipment for future reference.
- If any questions related to safety arise about this manual, please confirm them with the distributor or our company.

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## Preface

This manual provides detailed information about how to safely and correctly use the cylinder (SS type) for a lathe. Before starting to use this cylinder, read this manual carefully and always follow the instructions and warnings in "Important Safety Precautions" and "Precautions for Use" at beginning of the manual. Failure to follow these precautions could result in a serious accident.

### Terms and Symbols Used for Safety Messages

In this manual, precautions for handling that are considered especially important are classified and displayed as shown below depending on the damage of risk including the seriousness of the harm that could result. Please sufficiently understand the meanings of these terms and follow the instructions for safe operation.

### Alert Symbol

The triangle is the safety alert symbol used to alert you to potential safety hazards that could result in injury or death.



### Liability and How to Use this Manual

This product is a hydraulic device to control the operation of power chuck installed on the lathes or rotary tables. For any other applications, please contact us.

Our company will not assume responsibility for injury, death, damage, or loss resulting from not following the instructions in this manual.

There are countless things that cannot or should not be done, and it is impossible to cover all of them in this manual.

Therefore, do not perform any actions unless they are specifically allowed in this manual. If any questions related to safety arise about operation, control, inspection and maintenance which are not specified in this manual, please confirm them with our company or distributor before performing them.

### **Guarantee and Limitation of Liability**

The guarantee period of this product is 1 year after delivery.

Use the parts delivered by Kitagawa Corporation for all the parts including consumable parts. We will not assume responsibility for injury, death, damage, or loss caused by usage of parts not manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation. Additionally, if parts other than genuine parts manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation are used, this guarantee will be completely invalid.

The chuck and cylinder from Kitagawa Corporation should be used together. If you must use a part not made by Kitagawa, check with us or our distributor to be sure it is safe to do so. We will not be responsible for injury, death, damage or loss caused by use of a chuck or cylinder made by another company unless this use has been approved by Kitagawa or its distributor.

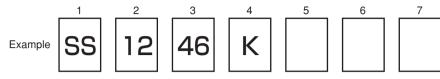
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## 1. Structural Drawing and Parts List

### 1-1 Type display

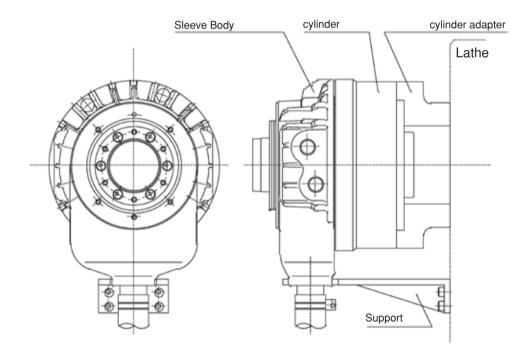
Type display as shown below.



5th digit and after that are not displayed for the standard cylinders.

- 1. SS Abbreviated name of SS cylinders
- 2. 12 Nominal inside diameter of the cylinder
- 3. 46 Nominal thru-hole diameter
- 5~7 Columns for special specification

#### 1-2 Structural drawing





#### 1-3 Scope of product

This instruction manual is for the cylinder part.

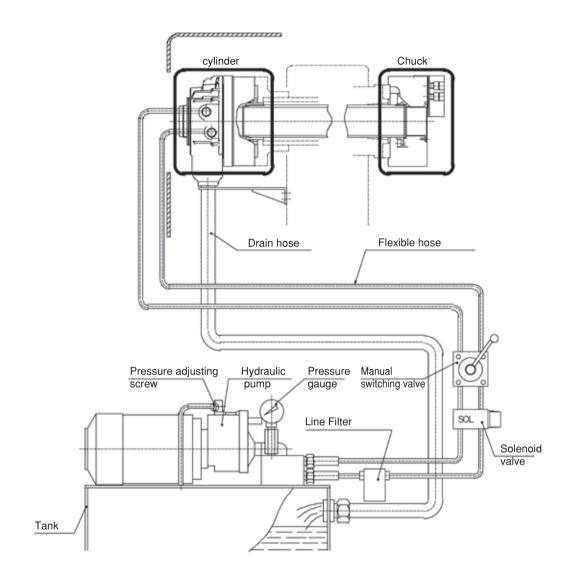


Fig. 2

#### **WARNING**

- To prevent the work from flying, safe design, maintenance and erroneous action prevention of the hydraulic system to maintain the gripping force of the chuck is extremely important. Thoroughly read the "Important Safety Precautions" on and after page 6 in this manual.
- · As for the chuck, follow the instruction manual for the chuck.

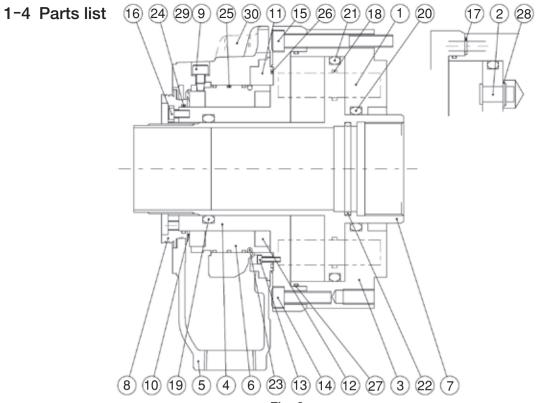


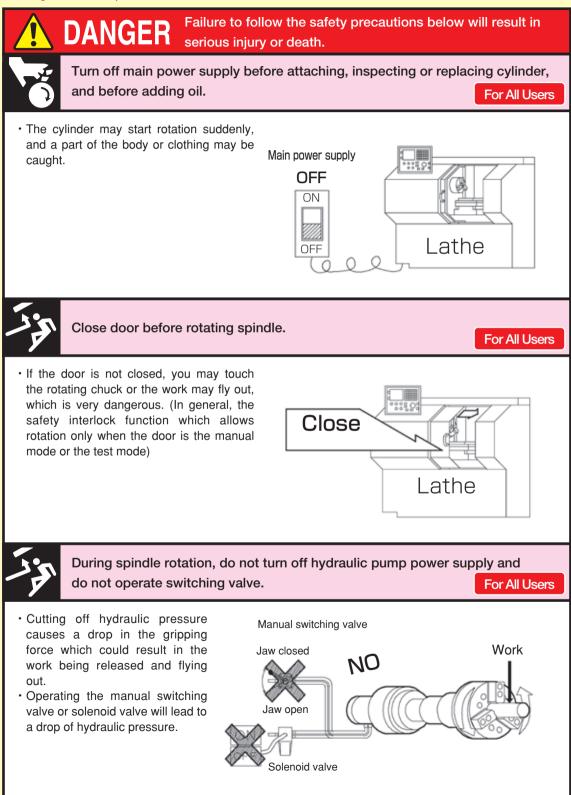
Fig. 3

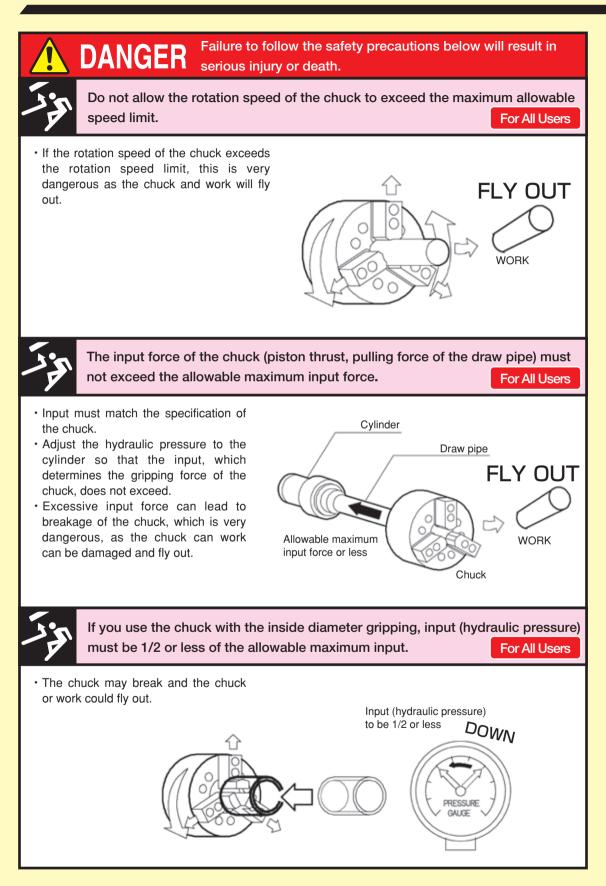
Table 1

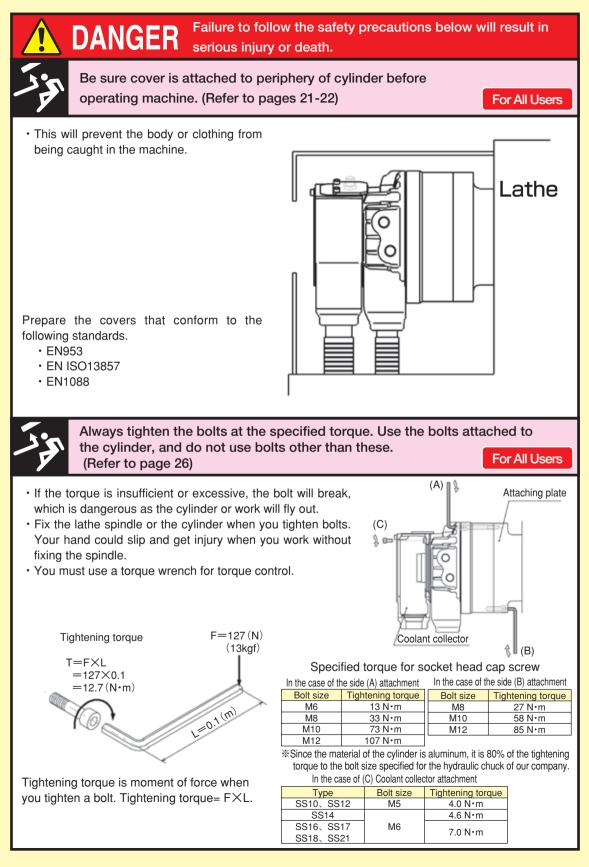
No.	Part name	Quantity	No.	Part name	Quantity
1	Lock valve	2	16	Socket head cap screw	6or12
2	Relief valve	2	17	O-ring	5
3	Cylinder	1	18	O-ring	2
4	Rotary valve	1	19	O-ring	1
5	Sleeve body	1	20	O-ring	1
6	Sleeve	1	21	O-ring	1
7	Piston	1	22	O-ring	1
8	Stopper	1	23	O-ring	1
9	Plug	1	24	O-ring	1
10	Flinger	1	25	O-ring	3
11	Splash plate	1	26	O-ring	1
12	Bearing	2	27	O-ring	1
13	Socket head cap screw	6,8,12or16	28	Shim ring	0or2
14	Socket head cap screw	8or12,18	29	Seal washer	1
15	Socket head cap screw	6or8	30	Plug	2

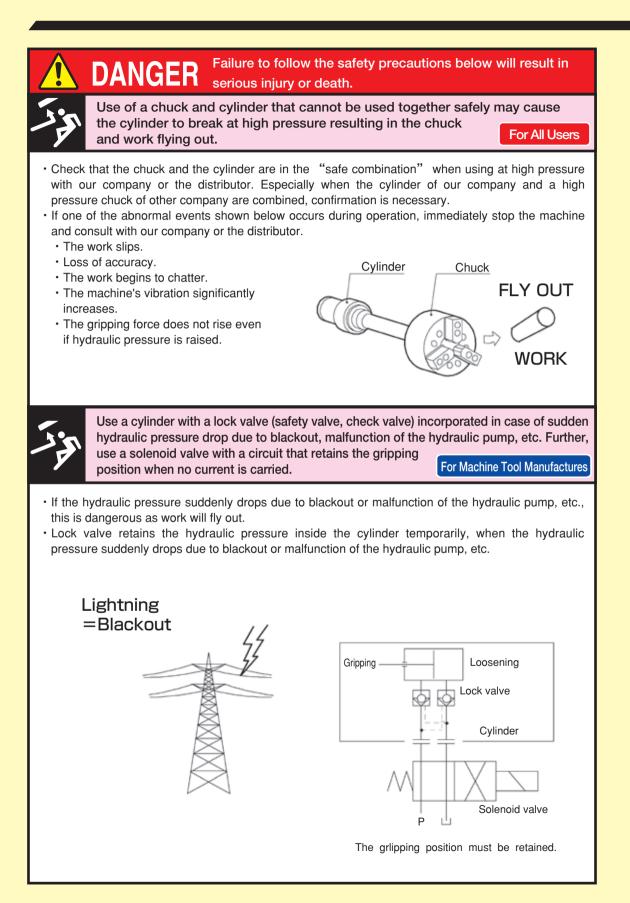
## 2. \Lambda Important Safety Precautions

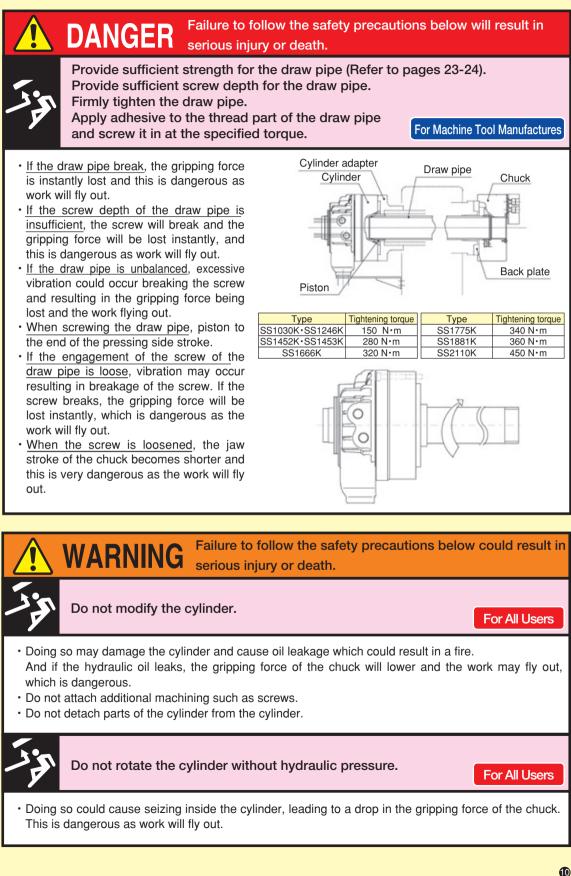
Important safety precautions are summarized below. Please read this section before first starting to use this product.

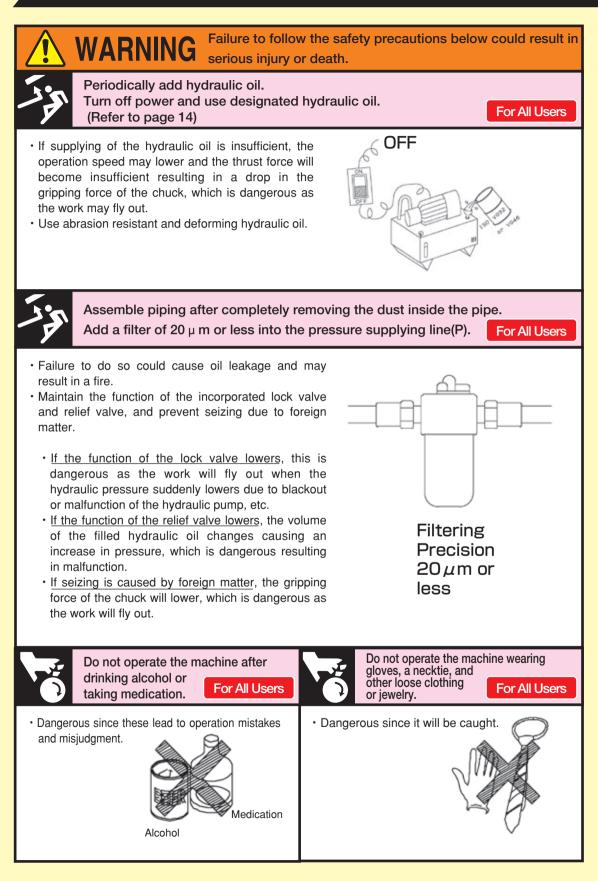




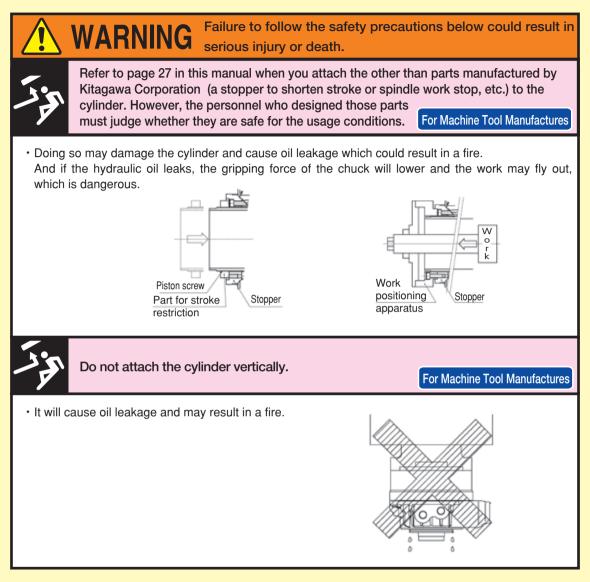








#### Important Safety Precautions



## 3. Specifications

### 3-1 Specifications table

3-1 Specific	ations		Table 2									
Туре		SS1030K	SS1246K	SS1452K	SS1453K	SS1666K	SS1775K	SS1881K	SS2110K			
Thru-hole diameter	mm	30	46	52	53	66	75	81	106			
Piston stroke	mm	12	16	22	22	25	25	25	30			
Piston surface area (pulling side)	a cm²	64.5	91.5	122.6	122.6	153.1	152.1	171.9	219.6			
Piston maximum thrust force	kN	27.4	38.9	52.1	52.1	65	64.6	73.1	71.0			
Maximum operating hydraulic pressure	g MPa	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.5			
Maximum rotation speed	min⁻¹	8000	8000	6500	6500	5600	5500	4800	3500			
Mass	kg	7.0	8.0	13.0	13.0	19.0	18.5	24.0	37.0			
Moment of inertia	Kg ∙ m²	0.010	0.017	0.031	0.031	0.065	0.061	0.087	0.197			
Drain amount	ℓ∕min	3.0	3.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3	6.0			
Balance quality	Balance quality				G 6.3							
	Storing temperature / Operating temperature				−20~+50°C/−10~+40°C							

Note 1) The drain amount is a value when the hydraulic pressure is 3.0 MPa, and the oil temperature is  $50^{\circ}$ C. Note 2) How to obtain the piston thrust force

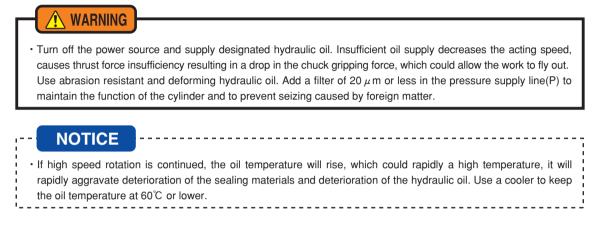
Operating		Piston		Operating	
Piston	_	Maximum	×	hydraulic pressure(MPa)	-0.25
thrust force	_	Thrust force	~	Maximum operating	
(kN)		(kN)		hydraulic pressure(MPa)	-0.25

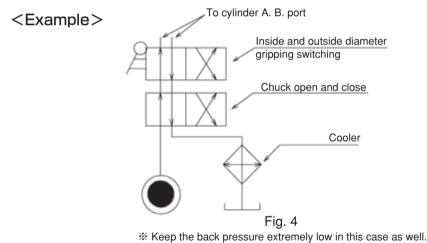
Note 3) When storing this product, the product should be subjected to the antirust treatment and stored in a place free from wetting, condensation, or freeze.

## 4. Hydraulic Oil

- ○To keep good operation of the cylinder, it is recommended to use hydraulic oil with a viscosity of 32cSt at 40°C. (ISO VG32 equivalent product)
- OReplace the hydraulic oil about once every six months.

○The characteristics of hydraulic oil influences the heating, drain amount and acting speed of the cylinder, therefore, control it according to the instruction manual for the hydraulic unit.





#### Safety information about hydraulic fluid and anti-rust oil

#### Applicable range

- · Hydraulic fluid sealed in the product at the delivery.
- · Antirust agent applied to the product at the delivery.

#### First aid measures

After inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. After contact with skin: Wash off with mild cleaners and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. After contact with eyes: Rinse with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. After ingestion: If large amounts are swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

• Please refer to each MSDS about the hydraulic fluid and the anti-rust oil which you prepared.

## 5. Trial Operation

Read safety precautions starting on page 6 before performing trial operation.

- (1) Check that the power voltage is at the specified voltage.
- (2) Set the pressure adjusting handle to the lowest state during trial operation, and check the turning direction of the pump in inching (shortly turn on and off the switch). When it is rotating in the reversed direction, change the connection of 2 cables out of the 3 cables.
- (3) As for the operating pressure for chucking, first lower to the lowest pressure, and then set to low pressure at which the chucking action is possible (0.35-0.5MPa) to check the following.
  - $\bigcirc \mathsf{Is} \text{ it operating smoothly?}$
  - Ols the operating direction correct? (Opening and closing direction of the chuck)
  - Ols the operating stroke appropriate? (Jaw stroke of the chuck)
  - Ols there any oil leakage with each piping?

If they are normal, gradually raise the operating pressure up to the rated pressure while checking the items specified above.

At this point, check that the drainage is flowing smoothly.

(4) Rotate the lathe spindle by setting the rotation speed to the minimum. If there is no run-out of the cylinder or no abnormalities in the support and piping, gradually raise the rotation speed.

If the rotation vibration is too excessive, run-out of the adapter must be inspected again.

(5) If the oil temperature is low (20-30°C) or less, run it in at about 1/3 of the maximum rotation speed.

#### NOTICE

• When the ambient temperature of the cylinder suddenly rises, for example, thermal effect is received from heating of the pulley, etc., or when there is a special heat generation source around the cylinder, the cylinder charged pressure rises and then the cylinder may stop operation, if it is continuously operated for a long period of time without switching operation, since a lock mechanism is built in such a phenomenon occurs more frequently especially at the time of running in, therefore, frequently reciprocate the piston.

#### <Treatment when the cylinder cannot be operated>

- O Regardless of trial operation or normal operation, when the cylinder cannot be operated, try the operations specified below.
  - 1. When the lathe spindle is rotating, stop rotation.
  - 2. Turn the pressure adjusting handle of the pressure regulation valve for the chuck setting pressure (cylinder setting hydraulic pressure) at the hydraulic unit part, and raise the chuck setting pressure for about 0.5 MPa and repeat switching over the operation selecting switch of the cylinder to check the operation of the cylinder.
  - 3. If the operation inability still continues, raise the chuck setting pressure additionally (about 0.5 MPa at a time), and repeat the operation in the same manner as item (2), to check the action of the cylinder. In this case, the limit of the pressure raising is up to 30% increase of the maximum operating hydraulic pressure.
  - When the cylinder operation is recovered, bring back the preset chuck pressure to the normal level.
  - 4. If the cylinder cannot be operated even after the chuck setting pressure is raised to the maximum and the operation specified in the above item (3) is repeated several times, return to the chuck setting pressure, turn off the power supply, cool down the temperature of the cylinder surface to be almost the same as the room temperature, and then repeat the operations specified in the above items (2) and (3) to check the operation of the cylinder. The cylinder can be cooled down more quickly by forcibly blowing air to the cylinder using an air gun, etc.
  - 5. If the cylinder cannot be operated even after cooling down, loosen the draw nut on the chuck side and remove the connection, and then check the operation of the cylinder.

#### <Usage>

This product is a hydraulic device to control the operation of power chuck installed on the lathes or rotary tables. The piston moves forward and backward by supplying hydraulic pressure to the cylinder. By this, the linked jaws of the power chuck move toward the closing side to grip the workpiece, so that the workpiece is clamped during the machining. After the machining, the jaws move toward the open side to allow the workpiece to be removed.

## 6. Maintenance and Inspection

#### 6-1 Maintenance and inspection of the cylinder

If any malfunction occurs, return cylinder to our company for repair. If it is disassembled and reassembled at a place other than our company, it may not function correctly as well as cause precision failure.

#### 6-2 Maintenance and inspection of hydraulic unit

- $\bigcirc$  Clean the suction strainer every 2 to 3 months.
- $\bigcirc$  Replace the hydraulic oil about once every six months.

#### 6-3 List of seals to use (Refer to Fig.3)

Table 3

No.	Part name	SS1030K	SS1246K	SS1452K	SS1453K	SS1666K	SS1775K	SS1881K	SS2110K	Quantity
17	O-ring	JIS B 2401 P8	JIS B 2401 P10	JIS B 2401 P10	JIS B 2401 P10	5				
18	O-ring	JIS B 2401 P16	2							
19	O-ring	JIS B 2401 P44	JIS B 2401 P53	JIS B 2401 P60	JIS B 2401 P60	JIS B 2401 P75	JIS B 2401 P85	JIS B 2401 P90	JIS B 2401 P120	1
20	O-ring	JIS B 2401 P48	JIS B 2401 P65	JIS B 2401 P70	JIS B 2401 P70	JIS B 2401 P85	JIS B 2401 P95	JIS B 2401 P100	JIS B 2401 P125	1
21	O-ring	JIS B 2401 G100	JIS B 2401 G123	JIS B 2401 P135	JIS B 2401 P135	JIS B 2401 G155	JIS B 2401 G160	JIS B 2401 G170	JIS B 2401 G200	1
22	O-ring	JIS B 2401 P34	JIS B 2401 G50	JIS B 2401 G55	JIS B 2401 G55	JIS B 2401 G70	JIS B 2401 G80	JIS B 2401 G85	JIS B 2401 G110	1
23	O-ring	JIS B 2401 G80	JIS B 2401 G90	JIS B 2401 G100	JIS B 2401 G100	JIS B 2401 G120	JIS B 2401 G130	JIS B 2401 G140	AS568-262	1
24	O-ring	NOK S60	NOK S70	NOK S80	NOK S80	NOK S95	NOK S105	NOK S110	NOK S140	1
25	O-ring	NOK S80	NOK S95	NOK S105	NOK S105	NOK S125	JIS B 2401 G135	JIS B 2401 G145	JIS B 2401 G175	3
26	O-ring	NOK S95	NOK S115	NOK S125	NOK S125	NOK S145	OR 155× 159×2	NOK S165	NOK S195	1
27	O-ring	NOK S105	NOK S130	NOK S145	NOK S145	NOK S170	NOK S175	NOK S185	NOK S210	1

## 7 . Malfunction and Countermeasures

#### 7-1 In the case of malfunction

Check the points specified below again and take measures.

Defective	Measures
Piston	Check that the hydraulic pressure is operating by the motion of the flexible hose, etc.
Operation	Check that there are no mistakes in piping.
Inability	Try operations when operation inability specified in the items of the trial operation.
Cylinder Thrust Force	Check that the pressure is as specified at the cylinder pipe inlet by attaching a pressure gauge near the inlet of the cylinder.
Insufficiency	Wearing of the O-ring inside is possible when the flow rate of the returning side pipe or the drain is more than usual.
	Check that the viscosity of the hydraulic oil is as designated.
Temperature	Replenish the hydraulic oil inside the tank if it is low.
Rise	When the room temperature is high and the radiation effect of the tank is bad, control the oil temperature using a cooler or a fan, etc.
	Do not suck air.
Pump noise	Replenish the hydraulic oil inside the tank if it is low.
T unp noise	If a large amount of dirt is deposited inside the tank, or when the hydraulic oil is deteriorated, the pump may be worn out abnormally, and it will be necessary to repair the pump.
	Provide a stream slope, without air pockets, and no back pressure must be applied.
Oil leakage from labyrinth	Return the drainage onto the surface of the oil of the hydraulic unit .
	Check that the air breather of the hydraulic unit is not clogged.

### **WARNING**

- If the chuck failed due to a seizure or breakage, remove the chuck from the machine, following the disassembly steps in the chuck instruction manual, and then remove the cylinder by the reverse steps of "9. Attachment" after page 21. When the jaws and covers cannot be removed due to a blockage of workpiece, do not disassemble forcibly but please contact us or our agent.
- If these countermeasures do not correct the problem or improve the situation. Immediately stop using the machine. Continuous use of a broken product or a defective product may cause a serious accident by the cylinder or the work flying out.
- Only experienced and trained personnel should do repairs and fix malfunctions. Repair of a malfunction by a person who has never received instruction from an experienced person, the distributor or our company may cause a serious accident.

### 7-2 Where to contact in the case of malfunction

In the case of malfunction, contact the distributor where you purchased the product or our branch office listed on the back cover.

## 8. Coolant Collector

#### 8-1 Outline

- The coolant collector is attached to the rear end of the SS type rotation hydraulic cylinder to easily collect the coolant flowing inside the draw pipe.
- OProximity switches can be attached to the coolant collector to electrically check the piston stroke and detect clamping/unclamping of a workpiece.
- ○To satisfy the requirements of European Standard "EN1550: 1997+A1: 2008 Safety requirements for the design and construction of work holding chucks", it is necessary to attach a device which ensures that the gripping force of the stroke checking proximity switches, etc. effectively operates. Because the proximity switches and detectable plate are not attached to the cylinder and coolant collector of standard specification, please arrange separately when necessary.

#### 8-2 Type and applicable cylinder

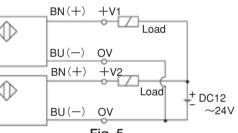
The coolant collector is to be arranged separately from the cylinder, so designate the type specified below when necessary. Table 5

Cylinder type	Coolant collector type	Detectable plate	Proximity switch Thread size		Cylinder type	Coolant collector type	Detectable plate	Proximity switch Thread size			
SS1030	CSK10	61R801777			[	SS1775	CSK17	61R324823			
SS1246	CSK12	61R801796			SS1881	CSK18	61R387994	M12×1.0			
SS1452, SS1453	CSK14	61R384150	M12×1.0		SS2110	CSK21	61R367982				
SS1666	CSK16	61R384152									

#### 8-3 Specifications

OPlease prepare it by own by referring to the specifications of the proximity switch below.

Tab	ole 6	Table 7			
Туре	FL7M-3J6HD (Azbil)	Туре	FL7M-3J6HD (Azbil)		
Voltage	12/24VDC	+V1	BROWN		
Leakage current	1.0mA or less	0V	BLUE		
Operation style	NPN	+V2	BROWN		



### 8-4 Attachment

- Olnsert a sheet packing between the coolant collector main body and the sleeve body at the cylinder rear end, and attach the coolant collector to the cylinder rear end.
- OAfter attaching the coolant collector, attach the detectable plate to the piston.
- OTo easily collect the coolant flowing into the coolant collector, provide appropriate slope to the piping, so that the coolant does not stagnate inside the hose

To check the flow, use a transparent vinyl hose.

(Inside diameter  $\phi$  32) (Fig. 6)

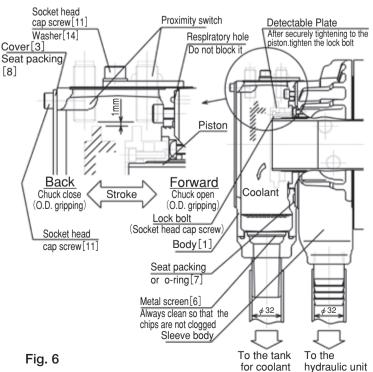


Fig. 5



#### 8-5 Positional adjustment of proximity switch

Read following instruction when you adjust the proximity switch. (Fig.6)

- ① Loosen the socket head cap screw [11] that fix the adjusting plate [4].
- 2 Unclamp the chuck.
- ③ Install one proximity switch on the outer surface of the body [1], passing through the adjusting plate [4], and make it approach to the detectable plate until the LED of proximity switch lights up. At this time, adjust the screw of proximity switch so that the distance between proximity switch and outside diameter end of detectable plate is about 1 mm, and slide to adjust the adjusting plate [4] in the axial direction.
- ④ Tighten the socket head cap screw [11] to fix the adjusting plate [4].
- 5 Grip the workpiece.
- 6 For another proximity switch proceeds in the same way as it is described from point 4 and 5.
- ⑦ Confirm whether LED lights up by opening and closing the chuck several times.

#### 8-6 Precautions

🚹 WARNING

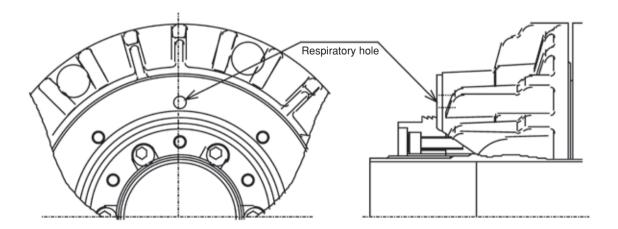
• In case you use a coolant collector manufactured by the company other than Kitagawa Iron Works, do not block the respiratory hole. (Fig. 6 , Fig. 7)

If the respiratory hole is blocked, the hydraulic oil will leak from the sleeve body which may result in a fire.

#### NOTICE

• If the coolant overflows from the coolant collector, the coolant is flows to the sleeve body side. Always clean the punching metal so that the coolant does not stagnate inside the coolant collector. Be sure the chips are not clogged. (Fig. 6)

Loose the socket head cap screw [12] when you remove the hose nipple [5]. (Refer to page 20)





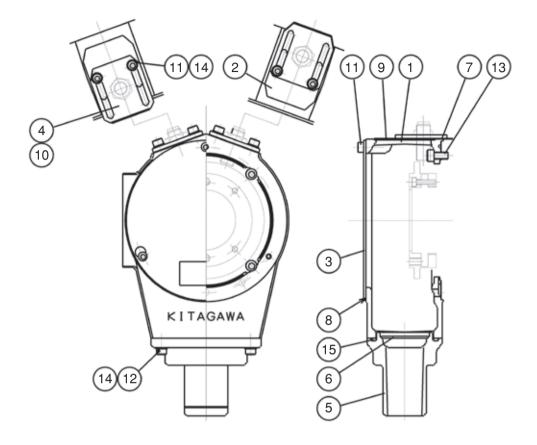


Fig. 8

No.	Part name	Quantity	No. Part name		Quantity						
1	Body	1	9	Sheet packing (3)	2						
2	Plate	2	10	Sheet packing (4)	2						
3	Cover	1	11	Socket head cap screw	7						
4	Adjusting plate	2	12	Socket head cap screw	4						
5	Hose nipple	1	13	Socket head cap screw	4						
6	Metal screen	1	14	Plain washer	8						
7	Sheet packing (1) or O-ring	1	15	O-ring	1						
8	Sheet packing (2)	1									

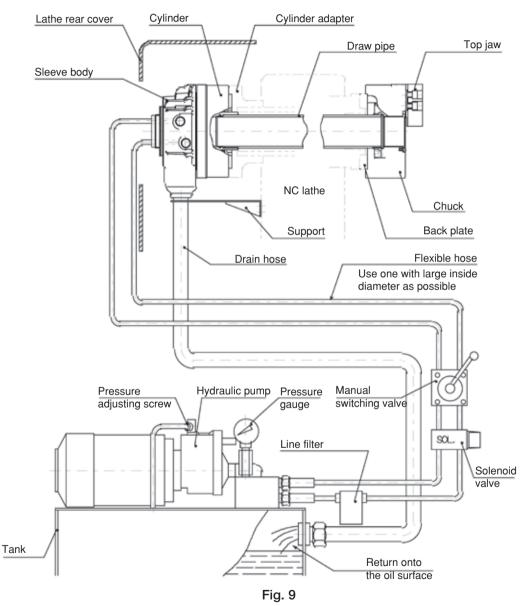
Table 8

### For Machine Tool Manufacturers

Following pages are described for machine tool manufacturers (personnel who attach a cylinder to a machine). Please read following instruction carefully when you attach or detach a cylinder to machine, and please sufficiently understand and follow the instructions for safe operation.

### 9. Attachment

#### 9-1 Outline drawing of attachment



- Attach the manual switching valve at a position where it is easy to operate for the attaching equipment.
- Install the hydraulic unit at a position where the drain hose is not kinked and the needle of the pressure gauge is easily read.
- Use a pipe inside diameter as large as possible.

#### DANGER

- When other actuators are operated by the same hydraulic pressure source as the cylinder for chuck, be sure that a pressure drop of the cylinder does not occur during use. A hydraulic pressure drop leads to a drop in the gripping force which could allow the work to fly out.
- As to the drain hose
  - Use one with inside diameter  $\phi$  32.
  - Use a transparent vinyl hose for visualization.
  - · Provide a stream slope, without air pocket. This will ensure no back pressure.
  - The end of the hose is physically above the oil level. (Refer to Fig.9)
- If the hydraulic oil stagnates inside the cylinder, oil leakage occurs, which may cause a fire.

### 

- · Install after removing the dust inside the pipe completely.
- Add a filter to the pressure supply line. If foreign matters gets inside the cylinder, this is dangerous since the
  rotation valve of the cylinder will seize, the hose will tear off, and the cylinder will rotate. This is also dangerous
  as the work will fly out.
- Always use a flexible hose for the hydraulic piping to the cylinder, and the bending force or tensile force of the pipe must not be applied to the cylinder. Use a pipe inside diameter as large as possible and keep the piping length as short as possible.

#### NOTICE

- Provide an air passage behind the cylinder or a window the size of the sleeve body on the lathe rear cover for the hot air generated from the cylinder to escape to the outside.
- -----

#### 9-2. Production and attachment of cylinder adapter

- NOTICE
- Attach with the surface run-out of the cylinder adapter and the run-out of the spigot joint at 0.005 mm or less. (Fig. 11) Large run-out causes vibration and shortens the life of the cylinder significantly.

OBring the cylinder as close to the lathe spindle support as possible. The attaching method of the cylinder adapter and the measuring method of run-out are illustrated in the drawings below. (Fig. 10, Table 9)

 $\bigcirc$ Never fail to provide a setscrew to prevent loosening of the cylinder adapter. (Fig. 11)

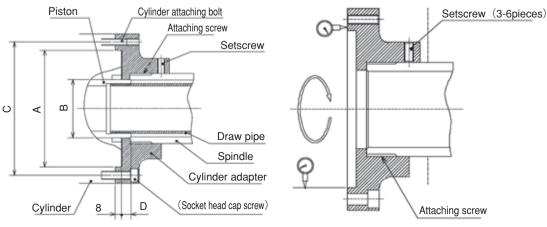


Fig. 10 Cylinder adapter attaching part



Table 9 (L											
Туре	φA (F7)	φB	φC	D (MAX)	Cylinder attaching bolt	Socket head cap screw					
SS1030K	108	48	125	8	8-M6	8-M8					
SS1246K	130	65	147	5	6-M8	12-M10					
SS1452K	140	70	165	11	6-M8	12-M10					
SS1453K	140	70	165	11	6-M8	12-M10					
SS1666K	168	85	190	14	6-M10	12-M12					
SS1775K	160	95	195	14	6-M10	12-M10					
SS1881K	168	100	205	15	6-M10	12-M12					
SS2110K	200	125	240	19	6-M12	12-M12					

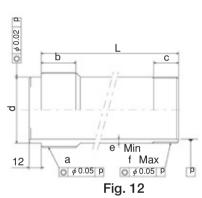
Note) Normally attach to the cylinder attaching bolt, however, it is possible to attach with the Socket head cap screw.

#### 9-3 Production and attachment of draw pipe

 $\bigcirc \mathsf{D}\mathsf{e}\mathsf{termine}$  the length of the draw pipe as shown below.

 $\bigcirc$ When screwing the draw pipe into the piston, screw in a state that the piston fully comes outside.

- Sufficiently degrease and apply adhesive on the thread part of the piston and the thread part of the draw pipe, and then screw in and tighten.
- · If the screw is loose, the jaw stroke of chuck will shorten, which could allow the work to fly out.



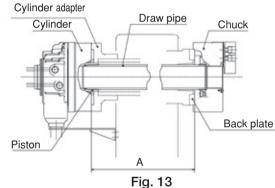


Table 10

Туре	Chuck	а	b	С	d (	(f7)	e Min	f Max	L
SS1030K	B-205	M38×1.5	25	25	34	-0.025 -0.050	3.5	M40×1.5	A+27
SS1246K	B-206	M55×2	25	25	50	-0.025 -0.050	5	M55×2	A+38
SS1452K	B-208	M60×2	30	25	55	-0.030 -0.060	4	M60×2	A+42
SS1453K	BB206	M60×2	30	25	55	-0.030 -0.060	3.5	M60×2	A+36
SS1666K	BB208	M75×2	35	25	70	-0.030 -0.060	4.5	M75×2	A+44
SS1775K	B-210	M85×2	35	30	80	-0.036 -0.071	5	M85×2	A+41.5
SS1881K	BB210	M90×2	35	35	85	-0.036 -0.071	4.5	M90×2	A+40.5
SS2110K	BB212	M115×2	35	35	110	-0.036 -0.071	4.5	M115×2	A+39

The dimension L in Fig. 12 is determined from the distance A between the cylinder adapter and the back plate. Example) In the case of BB206, SS1453K, the cylinder adapter and back plate distance A = 800,

The total length of the draw pipe is to be L = A + 36 = 800 + 36 = 836.

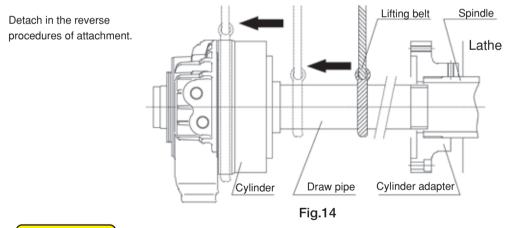
At the time of the screw process of the dimension a, the precision is to be JIS 6H and 6h, 6g matching the screw of the piston of the cylinder. Pay attention so that the thread parts on both ends and the inner periphery do not swing or become unbalanced.

#### 🚺 DANGER

- <u>Provide sufficient strength for the draw pipe</u>. If the draw pipe is broken due to insufficiency of the strength, the gripping force will be lost instantly, which is dangerous as the work will fly out.
  - Keep the dimension e and the dimension f in Fig. 12 for the draw pipe and a material with the tensile strength 380MPa (38kgf/mm<sup>2</sup>) or more must be used.
  - The personnel who designed draw pipe must judge whether the strength of the draw pipe is sufficient for the usage conditions.
  - The dimensions and materials specified in this manual do not guarantee that the draw pipe will not break under every usage condition.
- If the screw-in depth of the draw pipe to the draw nut is insufficient, the screw will break and the gripping force will be lost instantly, which is dangerous as the work will fly out.
- If the draw pipe is unbalanced, vibration occurs, the screw is broken and the gripping force will be lost instantly, which is dangerous as the work will fly out.
- If the engagement of the screw of the draw pipe is loose, vibration may occur resulting in breakage of the screw. If the screw breaks, the gripping force will be lost instantly, which is dangerous as the work will fly out.

### 9-4 Attachment of cylinder

- · When removing/installing the cylinder, use a lifting belt and perform as follows. (Fig.14)
  - 1. To lift up the cylinder, engage a lifting belt with the draw-pipe and lift up the cylinder while supporting it.
  - 2. Insert the draw-pipe into the spindle.
  - 3. When a lifting belt comes close to the spindle, shift the lifting belt toward the cylinder.
  - 4. When the draw-pipe has entered the spindle sufficiently, re-engage a lifting belt with the cylinder body and fit the cylinder closely to the spindle and then install the cylinder with the cylinder mounting bolts.



### 

- Use a lifting belt when attaching and detaching the cylinder to and from the machine, as there is a danger of injury or damage if the cylinder drops.
- Use the belt in the center of gravity not to lose the balance, and lift the draw pipe slowly. If balance is bad, the belt slips, and the cylinder drops, and there is the injury danger such as blows.

OAttach the drain port to be directly underneath. For its structure, if the drain port is not set directly underneath, the hydraulic oil overflows from both ends of the sleeve body resulting in oil leakage.

### 

• Doing so may cause oil leakage which could result in a fire. And if the hydraulic oil leaks, the gripping force of the chuck will lower and the work may fly out, which is dangerous.

NOTICE

- To prevent the sleeve body of the cylinder from rotating, provide a support by utilizing the protrusion of the drain port foundation.
- After attaching the support to the lathe, provide clearance between the protrusion of the sleeve body and the support so that force is not applied to the sleeve body.

OAs for the run-out when attaching the cylinder, attach the cylinder while keeping the vertical run-out of the sleeve body rear end and the cylinder periphery at the standard value specified in the table 12 or lower when rotation stop of the sleeve body is applied and the spindle is rotated.

Fig. 15

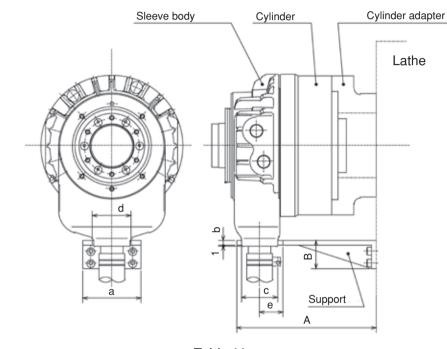


Table 11										
Туре	А	В	а	b	с	d	е			
SS1030K			75	4.5	φ 47	50	30			
SS1246K			75	4.5	φ 47	50	30			
SS1452K			75	6	φ 47	50	30			
SS1453K	Deterr		75	6	φ 47	50	30			
SS1666K	by the	lathe	80	6	φ 47	50	30			
SS1775K			80	6	φ 47	50	30			
SS1881K			90	6	φ 47	50	30			
SS2110K			90	6	φ 47	50	30			

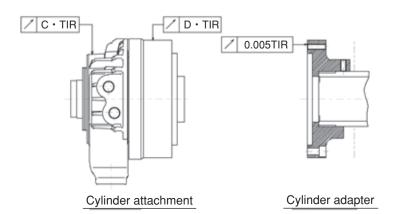


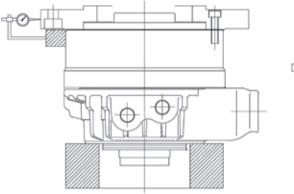
Fig. 16

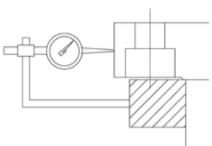
	Iable 12   (Unit: mm)					
Туре	С	D	Туре	С	D	
SS1030K	0.015	0.010	SS1666K	0.015	0.010	
SS1246K	0.015	0.010	SS1775K	0.020	0.010	
SS1452K	0.015	0.010	SS1881K	0.020	0.010	
SS1453K	0.015	0.010	SS2110K	0.020	0.010	

To obtain the above specified value of run-out, make the surface run-out of the cylinder adapter as small as possible. (0.005 mm TIR or less)

#### <Attachment of cylinder adapter>

○In the case of attaching the cylinder first to the cylinder adapter and then to the lathe, place it vertically as shown in the figure below, and attach the tester to the V block made of Duracon and center the cylinder adapter for the periphery reference of the cylinder. (0.010 TIR or less)

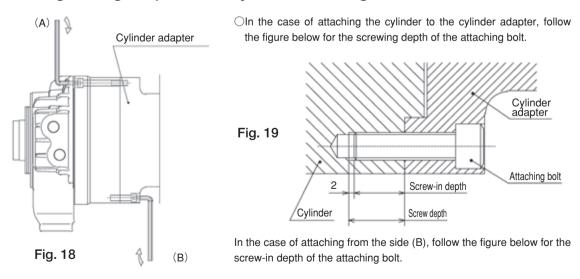




To prevent the V block from inclining, provide a reference mark on the plate side to contact the surface.



#### 9-5 Tightening torque of the cylinder attaching bolt



Та	b	le	1	3

Туре	SS1030K	SS1246K	SS1452K	SS1453K	SS1666K	SS1775K	SS1881K	SS2110K
Boltsize	M8		M10	-	M12	M10	M	12
Screw depth	16		20		24	20	2	4

% Keep the screw-in depth of the bolt to (screw depth -2) mm

#### 🚹 DANGER

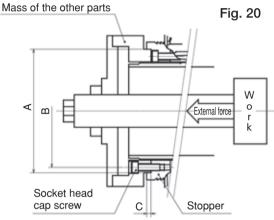
- Always tighten the bolts at the specified torque. If the torque is insufficient or excessive, the bolt will break, which is dangerous as the cylinder or work will fly out.
- Use the bolts attached to the chuck, and do not use other bolts. However, if you must use other bolts not provided by Kitagawa, use bolts that have at least a strength classification of 12.9 (10.9 for M22 or more) and be sure they are long enough.

	Tabl	e			
In the case of the s	side (A) attachment		In the case of the s	side (B) attachment	
Bolt size	Tightening torque		Bolt size	Tightening torque	
M6	13 N•m		M8	27 N∙m	
M8	33 N•m		M10	58 N∙m	
M10	73 N∙m		M12	85 N∙m	
M12	107 N∙m	Ι.			

Since the material of the cylinder is aluminum, it is 80% of the tightening torque to the bolt size specified for the hydraulic chuck of our company.

#### 9-6 Attachment of parts other than parts manufactured by Kitagawa Iron Works

Refer to following pages when you attach the other than parts manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation (a stopper to shorten stroke or spindle work stop, etc.) to the cylinder. (Refer to Fig.20 and Table 15)



Туре	φ Α (H7) (mm)	φ B (mm)	C (mm)	Bolt size	Screw depth	Mass (kg)	External force (kN)	Run-out (mm)
	(11111)	(11111)	(11111)		(11111)	(kg)	(KIN)	(11111)
SS1030K	64	53	4	6-M6	10	2	2.5	0.02
SS1246K	76	64	4	6-M6	10	2	2.5	0.02
SS1452K	85	73	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02
SS1453K	85	73	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02
SS1666K	100	88	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02
SS1775K	108	98	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02
SS1881K	113	103	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02
SS2110K	145	133	4	6-M6	12	3	5	0.02

#### Table 15

Note) External force is a value at static load.

### 🚹 WARNING

- If there is unbalance of the parts to attach, vibrations are generated and cause oil leakage which could result in a fire. and if the hydraulic oil leaks, the gripping force of the chuck will lower and the work may fly out, which is dangerous.
- External force is excessive, the bolt will break, which is dangerous as the cylinder or work will fly out.
- We will not assume responsibility for injury, death, damage, or loss caused by usage of parts not manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation. Additionally, if parts other than genuine parts manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation are used, this guarantee will be completely invalid.
- · The personnel who designed those parts must judge whether they are safe for the usage conditions.
- The dimensions and value specified in this manual do not guarantee that the cylinder or the parts other than parts manufactured by Kitagawa Corporation will not break under every usage condition.

## 10. About Hydraulic Circuit Design

OConsider the hydraulic circuit design so that the operation is easy and no mistakes in operation occur. Attempt failsafe for the circuit so as not to cause any accidents even in the case of blackout. (Fig. 21)

Olt is incorporated with a lock mechanism(lock valve) to maintain the specified gripping force even if the supplied pressure abnormally drops due to blackout or malfunction of the pressure resource while processing a work, however, it does not function unless the following warnings are observed.

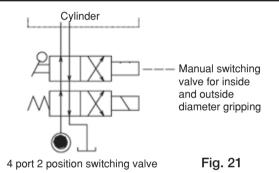
#### 🚹 DANGER

- Additionally, the solenoid valve is to be in a circuit to retain the gripping port position when no electric current is carried. The switching of the cylinder is to be 4 port 2 position with electromagnetic valve, and design the hydraulic circuit which grips the work in the state that the solenoid valve is degaussed.
- If the circuit is designed in the opposite way, if there is a blackout, the work could be released and fly out.
- Provide a valve to switch over the inside and outside diameter gripping to prevent an operation mistake when changing the gripping.

Additionally, when a solenoid valve is used as this switching valve, use a 4 port 2 position valve with a position stopper that can retain the indicator circuit at the time of blackout.

Remarks 1) What is a "lock valve" ? Valve equipped with a function to retain the hydraulic pressure inside the cylinder temporarily when the hydraulic pressure suddenly drops due to blackout, malfunction of the hydraulic pump, etc.

Remarks 2) What is a "relief valve"? Valve equipped with a function to prevent breakage when the hydraulic oil filled inside the cylinder caused a pressure increase due to the volume change.



Olt is incorporated with a mechanism to stop damage when the hydraulic oil filled inside the cylinder has increased its pressure due to the volume change (relief valve). Pay attention to the points specified below for functional maintenance of lock valve and relief valve.

### 1 DANGER

- Assemble piping after completely removing the dust inside the pipe for functional maintenance of lock valve and relief valve.
- If the function of the lock valve lowers, this is dangerous as the work will fly out when the hydraulic pressure suddenly lowers due to blackout or malfunction of the hydraulic pump, etc.
- If the function of the relief valve lowers, the volume of the filled hydraulic oil changes causing an increase in pressure, which is dangerous resulting in malfunction.

### ᡗ WARNING

• To avoid serious injury from flying work, use the throttle valve to keep the surge pressure low. Operation failure and cylinder breakage may occur if a reducing valve used for the hydraulic pressure setting fails to respond to pressure adjustment and results in excessive surge pressure.

#### Remark ) What is a "surge pressure" ?

Pressure produced by a change in velocity of the moving stream that result from activating a hydraulic pump, operation of a solenoid valve.

#### NOTICE

• Select the operation equipment that matches the pipe diameter of the cylinder. The smaller the diameter is, the larger the pipe resistance becomes and the lower the acting speed is.

#### <Installation>

The hydraulic pressure supply ports are port A (cylinder pushing side) and port B (cylinder pulling side) in Fig.22. Though both ports A and B have two ports each, connect the pipes to one port respectively and plug the reminders. For the size of each port, see Table 16.

Table 16

Type SS1030K SS1246K SS1452K SS1453K SS1666K S	
	S1775K SS1881K SS2110K
A port Rc1/4 Rc3/8	Rc1/2
B port Rc1/4 Rc3/8	Rc1/2

Table 17					
Port size	Tightening torque				
Rc1/4	10N•m				
Rc3/8	15N∙m				

## DANGER

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• Tighten plumbing and plug at the specified torque. If the torque is insufficient or excessive, the cylinder will break and cause oil leakage which could result in a fire. It is dangerous because leakage cause the hydraulic pressure drop and work flying out.

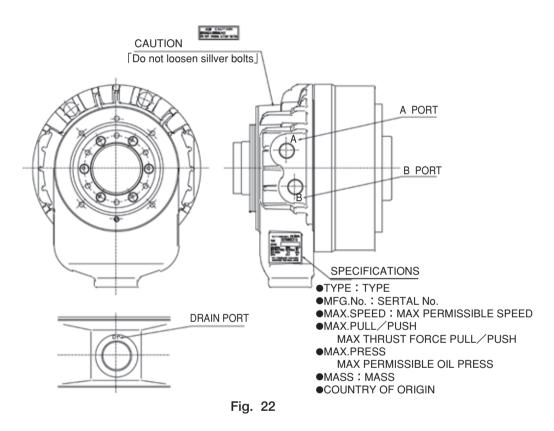
## 11. Other information

#### 11-1 About standards and orders

This product is based on the following standards or orders.

- Machinery directive : 2006/42/EC Annex I
- EN ISO 12100 : 2010
- EN1550 : 1997+A1 : 2008

#### 11-2 Information about markings of product



#### 11-3 About disposal

Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

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#### **DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION**

of partly completed machinery Copy of original

We hereby declare that the following our product conform with the essential health and safety requirements of the EC Machinery Directive so that the product is to be incorporated into end-machinery. The product must not be put into service until end-machinery has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Annex II part 1.A.

We also declare that the specific technical documentation for this partly completed machinery was drawn up according to the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Annex VII part B.

Product	: Cylinder
Model	: SS series (Models SS10**, SS12**, SS14**, SS16**, SS17**, SS18**, SS21**)
Serial number	: See original declaration
Manufacturer	: Kitagawa Corporation 77-1, Motomachi, Fuchu-shi, Hiroshima 726-8610, Japan
Authorized compiler in the community	: Peter Soetebier / Prokurist Kitagawa Europe GmbH Borsigstr.3 D-40880 Ratingen, GERMANY
Machinery Directive 2006	afety requirements in accordance with the EC 6/42/EC Annex I were applied and fulfilled: 1.2.6, 1.3.1, 1.3.2, 1.3.4, 1.5.3, 1.5.4, 1.5.8, 1.5.9, 1.5.13, 1.7.4, 1.7.4.1, 1.7.4.2
The following harmonize EN ISO 12100:2010, EN	

Signature :	See original declaration	1
Place / Date :	See original declaration	1
Name / Title :	Tomonari Hiromoto /	Manager, Technical section 1 Technical department Kitagawa Global hand Company

Being the responsible person appointed and employed the manufacturer.

# itagawa

#### UK DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION

of partly completed machinery Copy of original

We hereby declare that the following our product conform with the essential health and safety requirements of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 so that the product is to be incorporated into end-machinery. The product must not be put into service until end-machinery has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 Annex II part 1.A.

We also declare that the specific technical documentation for this partly completed machinery was drawn up according to the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 Annex VII part B.

Product	: Cylinder
Model	: SS series (Models SS10**, SS12**, SS14**, SS16**, SS17**, SS18**, SS21**)
Serial number	: See original declaration
Manufacturer	: Kitagawa Corporation 77-1, Motomachi, Fuchu-shi, Hiroshima 726-8610, Japan
Authorized complier in the community	: Mark Jones / Financial Director UNIT 1 THE HEADLANS, DOWNTON, SALISBURY, WILTSHIRE, SP5 3JJ, UNITED KINGDOM

The essential health and safety requirements in accordance with the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 Annex I were applied and fulfilled: 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.1.6, 1.3.1, 1.3.2, 1.3.4, 1.5.4, 1.5.8, 1.5.9, 1.5.13, 1.6.1, 1.7.1, 1.7.2, 1.7.3, 1.7.4, 1.7.4, 1.7.4.2

The following harmonized standards were applied: EN ISO 12100:2010, EN 1550:1997+A1: 2008

Signature :	See original declaration	
Place / Date :	See original declaration	L.
Name / Title :	Tamio Nishimiya /	Manager, Technical section 3 Technical department Kitagawa Global hand Company

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